

REMARKS

Claims 1-14 stand rejected under 35 USC §101 as being directed to non-statutory subject matter. Claims 1 and 10-14 stand rejected under 35 USC §102(b) as being anticipated by Adusumilli, U.S. patent 5,870,749. Claims 2-9 stand rejected under 35 USC §103(a) as being unpatentable over Adusumilli, U.S. patent 5,870,749 in view of Sasagawa et al., U.S. patent 6,028,863.

Applicants' attorney appreciates the time spent and the courtesy shown by the Examiner during the telephone discussion of March 29, 2005. The present amendment includes amendments to the claims 1, 10, and 14 and is filed herewith together with an RCE as discussed. It is believed that claims 1, 10, and 14 now overcome the rejection under 35 USC §101, withdrawal of the rejection under 35 USC §101 is respectfully requested. Claims 1, 10, and 14 have been amended to more clearly recite the subject matter of the invention including preamble language in the claim elements, as discussed.

Applicants respectfully submit that each of the independent claims 1, 10, and 14, as amended, is clearly patentable over all the references of record including Adusumilli and Sasagawa et al. Considering the subject matter as a whole of the claimed invention as recited in each of the independent claims 1, 10, and 14 requires a conclusion that all the claims 1-14 are patentable.

Reconsideration and allowance of each of the pending claims 1-14, as amended, is respectfully requested.

Only Applicants teach a method, compiler and platform independent

framework for parsing and generating data structures that includes sizeof and offsetof functions utilized for defining a length and a location of each parameter of a data structure. Only Applicants teach that the length and location of each parameter of the data structure are stored within an identifier object in a data structure definition used for parsing and generating data structures.

Adusumilli, U.S. patent 5,870,749 discloses a method for translating attribute data carried in Common Management Information Protocol (CMIP) Protocol Data Units (PDUs) to/from custom designed data structures. A supplementary method for incorporating user's preferences on the data structures and the relationships between different fields in these data structures and the corresponding attribute values is also provided. The translation method automatically performs conversions between the user-designed data structures and various CMIP requests/responses automatically, and, in accordance with user's preferences. The method allows users to simplify and/or compact the storage representation of the Managed Objects by taking advantage of application specific knowledge, and by eliminating unnecessary fields from CHOICE data types in the target data structures. Benefits of the methods presented in this disclosure include automatic translation of CMIP PDUs to/from user-designed data structures, ability to store Managed Object data in space-efficient manner, and automatic generation of data structures for use in communicating with devices using proprietary data representation. At column 11, lines 18-50 states:

"The MOClassTable shown in FIG. 4 contains an entry for each configured Managed Object Class. The localFormClassId field contains the local-

form identifier (an integer value) specified using the LOCAL-ID clause of the CLASS configuration. This may be used internally in place of the object-identifier of the class. The CStructureName corresponds to the name of the C structure specified with the DATA-TYPE clause of the CLASS configuration. By default the configuration program derives this name from the managed object class name (for example by adding a prefix and capitalizing the first letter of the class name). The user can set this to his/her own data structure name, if desired. The CStructureSize field contains the size of the C structure specified in the DATA-TYPE clause. This is only set in the translation tables (the sizeof() operator may be used to compute this size), and is not used in the configuration stage. The ClassInfoPointer field is used to store a link to the meta data generated by the GDMO compiler for this managed object class definition. The ClassAttributeTablePointer points to a class-specific attribute table that contains an entry for each attribute included in the ATTRIBUTES clause of the CLASS specification. The localFormAttributeld field of each ClassAttributeTable entry contains the local-form identifier value of the attribute. This value is copied from the corresponding entry in the GlobalAttributeTable at the time of generating translation tables or a new configuration file. The fieldName field is set to the field-name specified for this attribute in the ATTRIBUTES clause, or to the attribute-label if the field-name is omitted. The fieldOffset field is set to the offset of the corresponding field in the C structure associated with the managed object class. This field is set only in the translation tables (the offsetof() macro may be used to compute the offset of the field) and is not used in the configuration stage."

Sasagawa et al., U.S. patent 6,028,863 discloses a device at the terminal unit and a device at the network that support an interim local management (ILMI) protocol. When the power is applied to the device at the terminal unit, it notifies the

device at the network of support range information about a VPI/VCI of the device at the terminal unit. The device at the network assigns a VPI/VCI to the device at the terminal unit according to the support range information about the VPI/VCI received in a cold start trap message from the device at the terminal unit when a signal is received from the device at the terminal unit. FIG. 43 shows the data format for use in specifying the connection identifier contained in the signaling message used in the fifth preferred embodiment of the present invention. It shows the details of the element (14) of each message shown in FIGS. 29 through 31. In FIG. 43, the field "virtual path connection identifier" stores the VPCI (corresponding to the VPI), and the field "virtual channel identifier" stores the VCI. The invariable indication field "preferred/exclusive" stores a 3-bit value having one of the following meanings. 000: VPCI is invariable, and VCI is also invariable. 001: VPCI is invariable, but VCI is variable. 010: VPCI is variable, but VCI is invariable.

Each of the independent claims 1, 10, and 14 is patentable over all the references of record including Adusumilli and Sasagawa et al. Only Applicants teach a method, compiler and platform independent framework for parsing and generating data structures that includes utilizing sizeof and offsetof functions for defining a length and a location of each parameter of a data structure; and storing the length and location of each parameter of the data structure are stored within an identifier object in a data structure definition used for parsing and generating data structures.

Applicants acknowledge that the sizeof() and offsetof() functions are built into the C and C++ programming language. Applicants acknowledge that sizeof and

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offsetof functions are known in the art, such as disclosed by Adusumilli. However, Adusumilli provides no suggesting of parsing and generating data structures by utilizing sizeof and offsetof functions, defining a length and a location of each parameter of a data structure; and storing said length and said location of each said parameter of the data structure within an identifier object in a data structure definition used for parsing and generating data structures, as taught and claimed by Applicants. Sasagawa et al. adds nothing to render obvious the claimed invention, as recited by independent claims 1, 10, and 14, as amended.

Neither Adusumilli nor Sasagawa et al., individually or considering the total teachings in combination, suggest nor rendered obvious the subject matter of the claimed invention, as recited by independent claims 1, 10, and 14, as amended.

Adusumilli fails to disclose and provides no suggestion of utilizing sizeof and offsetof functions, defining a length and a location of each parameter of a data structure. Adusumilli fails to disclose and provides no suggestion of storing said length and said location of each said parameter of the data structure within an identifier object in a data structure definition used for parsing and generating data structures, as taught by Applicants and recited in the independent claims 1, 10, and 14. Thus, independent claims 1, 10, and 14 are not anticipated by, nor rendered obvious by the Adusumilli patent. Sasagawa et al. fails to disclose and provides no suggestion of storing said length and said location of each said parameter of the data structure within an identifier object in a data structure definition, as taught by Applicants and recited in the independent claims 1, 10, and 14.

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Thus, each of the independent claims 1, 10, and 14, as amended, is patentable.

Each of the dependent claims 2-9, 11-13 further define the subject matter of patentable independent claims 1, 10, and each of the dependent claims 2-9, 11-13 is patentable. Further dependent claims 2-9, and 11-13 further define the subject matter of the invention used with recited particular data processing applications.

Reconsideration and allowance of each of the pending claims 1-14, as amended, is respectfully requested.

Applicants have reviewed all the art of record, and respectfully submit that the claimed invention is patentable over all the art of record, including the references not relied upon by the Examiner for the rejection of the pending claims.

It is believed that the present application is now in condition for allowance and allowance of each of the pending claims 1-14, as amended, is respectfully requested. Prompt and favorable reconsideration is respectfully requested.

If the Examiner upon considering this amendment should find that a telephone interview would be helpful in expediting allowance of the present application, the Examiner is respectfully urged to call the applicants' attorney at the number listed below.

Respectfully submitted,

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